The Grub-ſtreet Journal.

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Manet altâ mente repoſtum. Virg.

An Account of the great Victory at Sea, obtained over the Spaniſh *Fleet, by the* Engliſh, *under the command of Sir* GEORGE BYNG *in the year* 1718.

THE depredations and ravages, committed in the Weſt Indies by the Spaniſh Guardes des Coſtas in general, and the barbarous uſage of Capt. Jenkins and others in particular, were a while ago part of the common ſubject of diſcourſe in almoſt all Companies. In excuſe of them, ſome perſons affirmed, that the Commanders of thoſe ſhips had no authority for what they did, but acted in that barbarous manner as meer pyrates. To this it was anſwered, that if they had acted as pyrates, they would have fallen ſometimes upon ſhips of their own nation, or at leaſt upon thoſe of other nations without diſtinction; and not have ſingled out the Engliſh to be the ſubjects of their rapine and cruelty. Others, of a contrary opinion, urged, that without either a commiſſion, or private directions, they would never have dared to act in this manner; and attributed this continual ſcene of rapine to the reſentments of the Spaniards for the deſtruction of their Fleet in 1718. Of this opinion Mr. OSBORNE ſeems plainly to be, who in juſtifying the late pacific Meaſures, in the *London Journal* Numb. 599. makes uſe of the following words: 'We re-'member'd, that we had *terribly provok'd* 'em ſome years 'before: and therefore wiſely concluded, that we ought '*to bear ſomething*; and convince by undeniable proofs, 'that we were willing to *be one with a nation*, with whom '*'tis always our intereſt* to be one. And tho' this re-union being now happily accompliſhed, all reſentment of former injuries will, we hope, be ſoon intirely ſuppreſſed on either ſide: yet we thought it not unſeaſonable to publiſh the following curious Account of that *terrible provocation*; which was communicated to us by a Perſon who was ingaged in that Action, being an Officer in the Barfleur Man of war. For as it contains a full juſtification of the Britiſh conduct; ſo it lays no other imputation upon the Spaniards, but only of a miſtake, in not underſtanding a Britiſh ſalute, and of ſome little indecorum in returning it with a broad-ſide.

We ſet ſail from Spithead, June 2, 1718, with a ſquadron of 22 men of war, under the command of Sir GEORGE BYNG, who hoiſted the union flag at the main-top-maſt head, on board of his Majeſty's ſhip the Barfleur. We proceeded without any conſiderable adventure to the Streights Mouth; and without going into Gibraltar made the beſt of our way to Port Mahon, in the iſland of Minorca: where the Governor inform'd our Admiral, that the Spaniſh fleet was ſailed for Palermo, intending for Meſſina, (both in Sicily) and from thence for Naples. But Admiral BYNG, according to the marine proverb, that *a ſtern chace is a long chace*, did not chuſe to follow them, but rather to meet them; and made the beſt of his way for Naples, and went to the ſouthward of Sardinia, between that iſland and Sicily; but ſaw nothing of the Spaniſh fleet.

In our paſſage from Sardinia to Naples, having ſea-room and fine weather, the Admiral, willing to exerciſe his ſhips and men, made a ſignal for the line. And it was wonderfully pleaſant to ſee how readily they were all in a right line, one a-ſtern of another, with the wind upon the beam; and immediately all a-breaſt of one another before the wind; and by another ſignal, all upon a wind with one tack aboard, and by the next ſignal about ſhip, and the other tacks aboard, &c. which was immediately perform'd, and with the greateſt exactneſs. Then we parted into two ſquadrons, and form'd an engagement, with every man at his quarters, and all the actions and motions, according to the ſignal made by the Admiral to the other ſhips, or the word of command given in his own, as if it had been a real engagement with an enemy: and all to try the readineſs of the officers and men to exerciſe according to ſignals made, and orders given, and to prevent ſurprize or confuſion, in caſe of a real attack.

This done, we proceeded for Naples: where the Viceroy by firing guns, and the common people by making bonfires, &c. expreſs'd their ſatisfaction at our arrival in the bay. The Viceroy further confirm'd it on his part, by making us a preſent of ſo much freſh beef and wine, as to amount to every fore maſt man a piece and a bottle, and to every midſhip-man two, &c. in proportion to the ſtation of the ſailors.

From Naples we ſtood to the ſouthward, between the Calabrian coaſt and the iſland of Stromboli; and came to an anchor off of Melazzo, on the north coaſt of Sicily and a little to the weſtward of the Fare of Meſſina, or the ſtreight that lies between Calabria and Sicily: where our Admiral had intelligence, that the Spaniſh fleet, conſiſting of 27 men of war, was gone from Palermo through the Fare to the ſouthward; and that the Marqueſs DE LEDE, the Spaniſh General, was then at Meſſina, which Town the Spaniards had newly taken, but the Cittadel ſtill held out; againſt which the Spaniards had two batteries of cannon now playing. Admiral BYNG diſpatch'd a proper perſon to Meſſina to the Marqueſs: but whatſoever the meſſage, or the anſwer might be, the conſequence was, that our fleet was order'd to weigh anchor the next morning, as ſoon as day-light would permit. Accordingly on the 30th of July, we ſtood into the Fare of Meſſina: and as the Spaniſh batteries were then lying againſt the Cittadel of Meſſina, our Admiral brought the fleet into a line, our guns loaded, and all hands at quarters, at the ſtarboard guns, in caſe the Spaniards from the batteries had attack'd us in our paſſage: but they did not, though we ſtood as cloſe to the ſhore as the depth of water would permit.

Being paſt them, and having heard, that the Spaniſh fleet was gone to the ſouthward towards Cape Paſſaro, we ſtood away to the ſouthward, the Admiral making a ſignal for the Superbe, the Charles Galley, the Kent, and the Eſſex to chaſe a-head, to look out for the Spaniſh fleet; and in caſe the head-moſt ſhip came in ſight of them, to let the Admiral know it by a ſignal appointed; which was, that the ſhip that firſt made the Spaniſh fleet, ſhould let fly her top-gallant ſheets, which the Superbe, being head moſt, did, towards evening: upon which, orders were given to crowd all the ſail we could for that night.

And here I cannot forbear obſerving, how diverting it was to over-hear the debates that happen'd amongſt the fore-maſt men. Some that would but the day before hold any wager, that we ſhould not fire a gun in anger, have now quite different ſentiments, and are not only fighting, but taking the Spaniſh ſhips. Some that had got wine, brandy, or London beer, inviting their meſs-mates to participate as long as it laſted, leſt the bottles ſhould be broke, and the liquor ſpilt in the engagement. And ſome of the wiſeſt, who had liſts of the Spaniſh fleet, with their number of men and guns, &c. went ſo far as to determine how many we ſhould take; and alſo to calculate what every man's ſhare of the prize-money would amount to, and how much ready money they could ſell it for at Portſmouth and Goſport.

Having crowded ſail all night, we found as the day approach'd, July 31, we advanced nearer to the Spaniſh fleet; and perceiv'd as if they were making for a line: whereupon our Admiral made a ſignal for the line alſo. But they immediately ſeparated into two bodies: of which the ſmalleſt part ſtood towards Syracuſe; and the reſt toward the ſouth-eaſt. Upon this Admiral BYNG diſpatch'd Commodore MATTHEWS in the Grafton, with a detachment of our ſhips, to cruize towards the coaſt of Sicily: the main body of our fleet ſtanding after the main body of theirs; with orders, that the firſt of our ſhips that came up with any of theirs, ſhould fire a ſalute, viz. a gun with powder only, and to leeward, or on the contrary ſide; and that if the Admiral ſaw reaſon to engage, the Barfleur's head chaſe ſhould be fired as a ſignal.

The Argyle man of war was the firſt that came up with one of the Spaniards; and as ſoon as he came along his ſide, fir'd his ſalute to leeward, according to order. But whether the Spaniard miſtook the ſalute, or had a mind to underſtand that compliment as a challenge, he fired a broadſide upon the Argyle, which was the firſt ſhot fired. Upon which the Barfleur's head chaſe was fir'd as a ſignal for our fleet to engage: and then every Engliſh ſhip apply'd himſelf to the Spaniard he could moſt conveniently come at; the Argyle fired his broadſide; and now it may be ſaid the engagement is begun.

Upon this our Admiral made a ſignal for the Kent and Superbe to chaſe the Spaniſh Admiral CASTIGNATA, in the Grand Philip. And the Kent, which was the firſt that came up with him, attack'd him to leeward; while the Superbe kept his luff, and got to windward of him, and lay by at a diſtance to wait the event of the Kent's engagement: for they could not both engage him at once, on contrary ſides, leſt their random ſhot ſhould damage each other. But the Kent, tho' he had weaken'd him, yet not able to take him, bore away; and the Superbe bore down, engaged him afreſh, and after a ſhort conflict took him; ſtruck his white flag, and ſent it aboard of the Barfleur, as a certain teſtimony of his victory. The Dorſetſhire man of war engag'd the Santa Roſa; but night coming on, they both lay by, and when day light advanc'd, the Dorſetſhire renew'd the attack, and after a ſhort diſpute made her his prize.

We took 12 Spaniſh ſhips of the line, one ſtore-ſhip laden with arms, and three laden with proviſions. We alſo burnt 3 men of war, 2 fire-ſhips, 2 bomb-veſſels, and a ſattee, without any conſiderable damage to any one of our own ſhips. The Barfleur, who was attack'd by 2 Spaniſh ſhips at a time, had but one man kill'd, the Dorſetſhire none; the Superbe, who took the Spaniſh Admiral, had only five men kill'd; and the Grafton, who loſt the moſt, loſt only thirteen.

It may be thought ſtrange, that we ſhould take and burn ſo many Spaniſh ſhips, not loſing one of our own, and with ſo inconſiderable a loſs of men. But if we compare the ſeveral circumſtances on both ſides, our wonder will ceaſe. For by our Admiral's conduct in exerciſing his men before hand, we had ſcarce one uſeleſs man in the fleet; and our reſolution to fight upon the firſt ſignal, gave us a great advantage over our adverſaries. On the other hand, the confuſion the Spaniards were in at the firſt ſight of us, was very great; and ſo was their miſmanagement in pointing their guns. To this we may add the weight of our metal, to act on the offenſive part; and the weakneſs of their ſhips, to act on the defenſive. All this made it no great difficulty to break into their fleet: which when we had done, and taken ſome of their ſhips, it was reaſonable to judge, that if their once united fleet could not withſtand us, it was in vain for their ſcatter'd remains to attempt it.

Our orders were, that in caſe we ſhould be ſeparated by engaging (as indeed it happen'd) the bay of Syracuſe ſhould be the place of rendezvouz; to which place we all made the beſt of our way, as ſoon as the engagement was over: where, in a ſmall time, we made up our fleet with the prizes and priſoners we had taken, who after a few days lying there were diſpoſed of according to the Admiral's orders.

An EPIGRAM.

H—l—y the roſtrum mounts - diſplays his hand —
Settles his ſcarf — and well adjuſts his band ———
With front elate ſurveys the pious dames ———
Then —challenges them all, — t'oppoſe his themes—
But ſilent all; our Orator, more bold,
Paſt doubt proves old are young, and young are old.
What all deſire, how learned he defends!
How bravely boaſts a conqueſt, none contends!
So DIMMOCK, champion fam'd, in haughty mood
With ardent eyes ſurveys the gaping crowd:
With viſage ſtern his gauntlet down he throws;
And boaſts a vict'ry, where he meets no foes.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

C. *Courant.* | E P. *Evening Poſt.*
P. *Poſt-Boy.* | S J. *S. James's Evening Poſt.*
D P. *Daily Poſt.* | WE. *Whitehall Evening P.*
D J. *Daily Journal.* | LE. *London Evening Poſt.*

THURSDAY, *Sept.* 2.

The 2 regiments ſent to Jamaica, are order'd home. *P.*— We hear that the L. Darwentwater being lately arriv'd at his lodgings in Poland-ſtreet from Paris, where he had been indiſpoſed with a fever, is now very well recover'd by his native air; and that the report publiſh'd in the news-papers, of his being dangerouſly ill, was groundleſs. *P.*

We hear that Col. Sam. Robinſon, Chamberlain of this City, is appointed Receiver Gen. of the window lights for the County of Middleſex, in the room of Sir Rob. Baylis, Kt. and Ald. who is made one of the Commiſſioners of his Majeſty's cuſtoms. *C.* As a reward for his faithful ſervices: worth about 400 l. per ann. *LE.*

Mr. Booth, the celebrated Tragedian, who hath long been indiſpoſed, is now ſo well recover'd, that he daily takes the air, and appears in company; ſo that it is believ'd he may be able to appear upon the ſtage again this winter: and we hear that *Drury lane* houſe will open the 18th of next month with the Tragedy of *Hamlet Prince of Denmark*. *C.*

Next meeting at New-market, Sir Her. Perrot Packington, Bar. is to run 4 miles with Mr. Warren, for 200 l. *D P.*

Yeſterday the Dutcheſs of Newcaſtle went to Chre-

mont, there to remain till the funeral obſequies of the late Marq. of Blandford her brother, are performed, when her Grace will appear at Court. *LE. SJ.* —— We hear that the corpſe of the late D. of Marlborough will ſhortly be remov'd from Weſtminſter-Abbey to Blenheim. *SJ.*

The ſubſtance of the L. Biſhop of Exeter's Letter, in favour of the Brief for repairing the ancient Cathedral of Landaff, is as follows: His Lordſhip ſays, 'That the credit of Proteſtant principles muſt fall under no ſmall contempt, if the motives of the Reform'd religion are not ſufficient to engage us to aſſiſt in this good work, without the leaſt aid of ſuperſtitious inducements. That *theſe days* demand ſpecial inſtances of our zeal for the publick honour of God and his holy religion, to confound *the prodigious inſolence of infidelity*; and that if ſuch venerable ſtructures, dedicated to the divine ſervice, be ſuffer'd to ſink in ruin, great will be the ſcandal, as well as the triumph and encouragement of our anti-chriſtian adverſaries. *DJ.*

Laſt monday at Eſſington near Hatfield in Hertfordſhire, the Rev. Mr. Leſter, Rect. of that place, having employ'd divers workmen in enlarging and improving his houſe, one of them careleſly laid a load of lime too near the barn, which taking fire conſum'd all the outhouſes, and burnt two very fine coach horſes. 4 *Ev.*

Laſt night Sir Geo. Walton, Admiral of the White, arriv'd in Town from Portſmouth; the fleet under his command being paying off with all expedition, in order to be laid up. *WE*

We hear that Henry Pelham, Eſq; is appointed Chamber keeper at the Horſe guards, in the room of Mr. Evans, deceas'd. *WE.* The Porter to Henry Pelham, Eſq; *SJ.*

A Diſpenſation is preparing to paſs the ſeals to empower the Rev. Mr. Will. Bowman to hold the living of Dewsbury, (to which his Majeſty has been graciouſly pleas'd lately to repreſent him) with his other of Aldbrough, both in the County and Diocele of York. *SJ. LE.* —— *This is better, than* to face an Inquiſition, or to ſtarve in a dungeon, &c. *See* Bowman's Preface p. 7, 8.

FRIDAY, *Sept.* 3.

Orders are given out, that the Officers of the 3 regiments of foot guards, in their marches from the parade in S. James's-park to Hampton Court, walk on foot before their reſpective Companies, unleſs they provide horſes for that purpoſe [*walking on foot*]; but they are by no means allow'd to travel in a chaiſe, or any other wheel'd carriage on thoſe occaſions. It is likewiſe order'd, that upon their encampment on Hampton Green, they ſhall not depart from their tents on any pretence whatſoever. *DJ.*

Yeſterday being the anniverſary faſt on account of the great fire of London, which happen'd in the year 1666, and conſum'd 13200 houſes, the ſame was obſerv'd in this city and ſuburbs with the uſual ſolemnity. *DP.*

On ſunday Mr. Longley, a Cornfactor at the White-hart Inn in Southwark (who about 6 weeks ago marry'd the Widow who kept the Pine-apple, a noted eating houſe, the corner of S. Martin's-court in Caſtle-ſtreet) died, under violent ſuſpicions of being poiſon'd, his body having ſwell'd that it burſt. *DJ.* He dy'd on tueſday morning: There had been great differences between them ever ſince the unhappy marriage: it is reported, that ſhe was much vex'd to find his circumſtances not ſo agreeable; and he was uneaſy to find that ſhe kept company with another man, whom he found one night in her chamber: ſhe then ſaid ſhe would give him a pill for it; and accordingly ſent a ſervant for ſome poiſon, and under ſome pretence gave it him in a cup, immediately after which he fell into violent diſorders, and in a little time died. *DP.* —— On thurſday night between 11 and 12 the Coroner's inqueſt brought in their verdict *Wilful murder.* Some of the poiſon dregs, lodg'd in the body, were given to a dog, which expir'd as ſoon as he eat it. Dorothy Longley is in cuſtody in the New Jail in Southwark. *P.*

Yeſterday dy'd ſuddenly at Canterbury the Rev. Dr. Ibbotſon, Rect. of Lambeth, and Prebenda. of Exeter. *DP.*

SATURDAY, *Sept.* 4.

Yeſterday his Royal Highneſs the Prince had his hair cut off by the advice of Phyſicians. —— Mr. John Hawley is made Maſter of the dogs and guns to his Royal Highneſs, in the room of Mr. Phil. Strazer. *DP.*

On thurſday 3 waggon loads of ſilver were brought to Town from Portſmouth, from on board the Experiment man of war, on account of the Merchants of this City, and carry'd to Mr. Blatchford's, a Refiner in Silver ſtreet. *DP.* Yeſterday. *P.*

The Chapel at Blenheim being lately conſecrated, the corpſe of the Marqueſs of Blandford was depoſited in the new vault made for the Marlborough family. *DP.* —— On ſunday laſt in a private manner. *DJ.* 7.

Yeſterday Mr. Alderman Perry paid into the Chamber of this City 175 l. 8 s. 6d. collected in Aldgate Ward for the poor ſufferers at Blandford, Tiverton, and Ramſey. *DJ.* —— Several Gentlemen of S. Paul's Covent-garden have collected near 200 l. for the poor ſufferers at Blandford and Tiverton. *SJ.* —— On thurſday, at a Veſtry at S. Martin's in the fields, it was agreed to divide the money collected as follows: to Blandford 200 l. to Tiverton 100 l. There is 27 l. left in hand, which 'tis expected will be made up 100 l. more. *WE.*

Elſmere, Aug. 29, In the lake or pool, call'd *Newton Meer*, belonging to the Eſquire of Otley, the fiſh of all ſorts came up to the top of the water, and died in ſuch great quantities, that the neighbouring people were forced to employ men and carts for ſeveral days to bury them, for fear of infection. 'Tis thought the water was poiſon'd by ſome evil diſpos'd perſon. *C.*

The Rev. Dr. Crow, Rect. of S. Botolph's Biſhopsgate, is collated by the Biſhop of London to the living of Finchley. *LE.* —— Laſt wedneſday Mr. Steel was ſworn in one of the Clerks of the Treaſury. *SJ.*

On thurſday laſt a hearing came on before a Committee of the Governors of the African Company, according to an order from the Treaſury, concerning the care and maintenance of Adomo Tomo, who came over with Capt. Lamb from the Emperor of Paupau, and *gave orders* that he ſhould be handſomely provided for, during his ſtay here, in the African-houſe, all his debts to be paid, and all other expences be defray'd, until ſuch time a ſhip ſhall be order'd to carry him with the preſents to his Emperor; and at the ſame time, at his own deſire, *order'd* Mr. Bartlett to attend him, in order to teach him to read and write Engliſh, which he is very deſirous to learn, and deſigns to be baptized before his return home. *SJ.* —— *It ſeems by this account, that* Adomo Tomo gave *theſe* orders *about himſelf. I would adviſe the Writer of this paragraph to be his* ſchool-fellow.

We hear the E. of Orrery has left his fine library, valued at 6000 l. to the Univerſity of Oxford. —— On tueſday laſt Hen. Holt Henley, Eſq; Member of Parliament for the Borough of Lyme-Regis in the County of Dorſet, was unanimouſly choſen Mayor of the ſaid Borough. *LE.*

Letters from Jamaica, dated June 30, bring advice of Sir Nic. Lawes being dead there, who was formerly Governor of that Iſland. *DJ.*

MONDAY, *Sept.* 6.

Yeſterday the King, Queeen, Prince, and the Princeſſes, dined in publick, as uſual. *DP.* —— The ſame day at noon her Grace the Dutcheſs of Newcaſtle came to Court the firſt time ſince her arrival from the Spaw. — Yeſterday came an account of the ſafe arrival of his Excellency the D. of Dorſet, L. Lieut. of Ireland, on thurſday laſt at Dublin. *DP.* On friday ſe'nnight. *P.*

On ſaturday ſeveral idle and diſorderly perſons, and reputed thieves and pick-pockets taken up on friday night, were examin'd before Sir John Gonſon, Juſt. Railton, Galloway, &c. and ſome of the moſt notorious of them were committed to Tothill-fields Bridewell to hard labour. *CP. DJ.* — Complaint being made to the ſaid Juſtices, that ſeveral vagrants being in the ſtreets in the day time, ſome with ſtump hands, others with ſore arms and legs, one fellow without any features in his face, and another without a tongue, &c. The Juſtices gave a ſtrict charge to the High Conſtable, &c. to apprehend theſe offenders, and particularly to take up and bring before the Juſtices a certain jolly, ſturdy fellow, who laſt ſunday ſtopt a Gentleman of faſhion and his Lady, as they came out of the Church, and, perceiving that he ſhould get no money, and ſeeing the Lady with child, thruſt his ſtump hand almoſt into her mouth. —— By the Statute 12 Q. Anne, Cap. xxii. Sect. 24. Conſtables, &c. are, on complaint of any 2 inhabitants, to remove looſe, idle and diſorderly perſons, blind, lame, or pretending to be ſo, or with diſtorted limbs, or pretending ſome bodily infirmity, from begging in the ſtreets; and if they refuſe to depart, or offend a ſecond time, may (by a Juſtice's warrant) cauſe them to be whipt till their bodies are bloody: and a Conſtable, &c. neglecting his duty herein, forfeits 10 s. to the poor of the pariſh for every default or omiſſion. *C. DJ.*

On friday laſt died at his houſe in Kenſington-ſquare, Gen. Primroſe. *DJ.* In the 76th year of his age. *P.*

Laſt ſaturday Juſtice Lade committed to the New Priſon a ſervant maid, belonging to Dorothy Longly, who is charg'd with aſſiſting her miſtreſs in poiſoning her huſband. Dorothy Longley's brother is likewiſe taken and committed to the ſaid gaol. *DP.*

TUESDAY, *Sept.* 7.

On ſunday laſt the Rev. Dr. Mawſon preached before their Majeſties, and the 3 eldeſt Princeſſes, and the Rev. Dr. Lovel before his Royal Highneſs the Duke, &c. His Royal Highneſs the Prince having taken Phyſick, was not at Chapel. —— His Royal Highneſs's apartments at S. James's are not to be rebuilt till next ſummer. *C.* —— The Rt. Hon. the E. of Deloraine having reſigned his commiſſion as Cornet of horſe, the King was pleaſed, without any application, to give it to Mr. Panton, one of his Pages of Honour, and brother to Tho. Panton, Eſq; Equerry to his Majeſty. *P.* —— The Prince is ſo well recover'd, that he rode out yeſterday to take the air. *DP.* — On ſunday the R. Hon. Horatio Walpole, Eſq; was taken very ill at Hampton-court, and yeſterday was thought to be ſomething better: he is attended by Sir Hans Sloane and Dr. Teſſier. *P.* Of the cholick. *DP.* — There are to be 6 plays acted at the Theatre at Hampton-court palace, which is getting ready for that purpoſe. *DP.* The report of his Majeſty's Comedians being ordered to perform at Hampton-court, is intirely without foundation. *C.*

We hear from Plymouth, that on monday night, the 30th paſt, Mr. John Pike, Tide-ſurveyor of this port, was murder'd by the ſmugglers, in a boat, wherein he had ſeized ſome brandy, ſeveral hours after he had been in poſſeſſion thereof. One Benjamin Hews is taken, the reſt concern'd, to the number of 8 or 9, are fled. *C. DP.* Benjamin Crews. *P.*

They have finiſhed the collection at Dartmouth for the poor ſufferers at Tiverton, amounting to upwards of 53 l. —— From Cowes 39 l. 5 s. and 6 d. collected in Northwood and Carriſbrook, has been ſent to the ſufferers at Blandford. *P. DP.*

Norwich, Sept. 4, Laſt ſaturday Mr. Rob. Blyford was choſen one of the Sheriffs. And on tueſday came on the election of the other, when the polls were thus: for Mr. James Elmy 926, for Mr. Joſ. Britan 1005. But the friends of Mr. Elmy inſiſt, that he is duly elected, on account of Mr. Britan's not having received the ſacrament according to the rites of the Church of England within the ſpace of one year. *P.*

Yeſterday 60 fugitive debtors were diſcharged from the Fleet priſon, at the ſeſſions held at Guildhall. *DP. DJ.* —— A certain debtor being to be ſworn, Mr. Baron Thomſon bid him take care how he ſwore himſelf out of England on Feb. 1, 1728, for that there were 2 evidences in Court ready to make oath, that he had not been out of England for theſe 7 or 8 years paſt. But notwithſtanding, he ſwore that he was at Jamaica at that time; whereupon 2 perſons were called, who ſwore as above. One of his Creditors upon this, aſked the Court leave to proſecute him according to the Act, which makes it death to forſwear himſelf, or hide any part of his effects; and the Court ordered, that he ſhould be proſecuted. *P.*

There is an Aloe in bloom at the L. Trevor's gardens at Peckham. *P.*

One night laſt week the Hon. Mr. Windſor, ſon to the L. Montjoy, was ſet upon by robbers, between this and Chelſea; he made ſome reſiſtance, and was ſhot by them thro' the arm, and into his body; he was beſides moſt inhumanly beaten, and lies ſo ill of his wounds that his life is deſpair'd of. *C.*

We hear that the York-buildings Company have given over working their fire-engine: and that the houſes which were formerly ſupply'd with water from the Reſervoir at Marybone, will be no longer ſupply'd from thence, &c. *DP.*

On ſaturday night died at his houſe at Newington, after a ſhort illneſs, Mr. John Spencer, ſen. Head Paymaſter at the Eaſt-India houſe, a place of great truſt, and ſaid to be worth upwards of 700 l. a year, which he enjoyed a conſiderable time with a fair character. *C. DP.*

Capt. Boden, Lieut. in the foot guards, and Gentleman Uſher Quarter waiter in ordinary to his Majeſty, wrote a Comedy, which has been highly approb'd at Court, and is to be acted before the Royal Family, when the Court comes to St. James's. — Mr. Wilks and Mr. Cibber are gone to Hampton Court, to get the Theatre there in order, for the acting of 6 plays before their Majeſties. *LE.*

We hear that the ground leaſe of Montagu-Houſe expiring in 5 years, the Duke of Montagu has offer'd his Grace of Bedford near 40,000 l. fine to renew the ſame. *LE.*

Yeſterday died at his ſeat near Uxbridge in Middleſex, Daniel Pulteney, Eſq; Member of Parliament for Preſton in Lancaſhire. *LE.* —— At Haverfield near Uxbridge, the ſeat of Sir Ric. Newdigate. *C. DJ.* 8.

WEDNESDAY, *Sept.* 8.

The King's eyes continue in a bad ſtate, but in all other reſpects his Majeſty is in good health. — Mr. Horatio Walpole's illneſs has terminated in a fever, and yeſterday he had ſeveral bliſters laid upon him. *DP.* — The R. Hon. Horatio Walpole, Eſq; who has been very much indiſpoſed for ſeveral days is now perfectly recovered. *C.* —— *If both theſe accounts are true,* Mr. Horatio Walpole *is not* the Right Hon. Horatio Walpole, Eſq;

Yeſterday a boat with 6 perſons, coming through bridge between two and three in the morning, overſet, and 4 perſons were drowned, 2 men and 2 women; the other two were ſaved by a fiſherman. *DP.* There were 7 in the boat, and 3 were ſaved. *P.* Four of the paſſengers, and the waterman were drowned. *DJ.*

On monday night died at Epſom the Lord Dudley North; having been indiſpoſed ſome time by a fall from his horſe, which, 'tis thought was the occaſion of his death. *C.* At Aſted near Epſom: the moſt noble and R. Hon. Edw. Ward, Lord Dudley and Lord Ward of Birmingham. *P. DJ.* —— Yeſterday died Daniel Weſtcomb, Eſq; Secretary to the Hon. South Sea Company. *C.* Under-Treaſurer. *DP.*

This day the Seſſions begins at the Old Baily, when upwards of 100 Priſoners are to be tryed. *P.* Upwards of 140. *D J.*

From the PEGASUS *in Grub-ſtreet.*

In our laſt, Pag. 1. *Col.* 2. *l.* 28. *for* former *read* latter.

We are obliged, upon an extraordinary occaſion, to omit this week the Letter from a Member of the Grubean Society in the Elyſian Fields; and to ſhorten our Article from hence.

The following Epitaph on Mr. FORD, ſuppoſed to be made by Mr. H—y, and printed in one of the laſt weeks Papers was read:

FORD *is not dead, but ſleepeth; ſpare his fame, I charge ye, One ounce of Mother-wit is worth a pound of Clergy.*

Upon this Mr. MÆVIUS ſaid, he had formerly heard of a Diſputation at the O——y between two learned Divines; and would willingly be informed by the Orator, whether there was moſt of *Mother-wit* or *Clergy* in it: for which reaſon he had comprized the whole in two verſes.

A Diſputation at the O——y.

Brother H — Thy Piſs-pot? —— Anſwer quick; never faulter.
There 'tis, Brother F——. It ſtands under the Altar.

Edinburgh, Aug. 16. They write from Portfoy in the north of Scotland, that Mr. James Gordon, Merchant of that place, brother to Will. Gordon of Fraſkin, Eſq; a young Gentleman who has a genius turn'd for trade, having obſerved the Dutch carefully fit out their buſſes to catch and cure herrings, reſolved to know their profits; and for that purpoſe he and Mr. Sinclair of Brew, fitted early out a ſmall veſſel, and hover'd on the coaſt, Mr. Gordon being himſelf all the while on board, waiting the firſt of the herrings; and having caught as many as they had materials to cure, they forwarded them immediately to Hamburg, where they ſold them off before any of the Dutch buſſes came up, at no leſs than 24 l. per barrel ſterling. By this ſpecimen one may judge what vaſt advantage our neighbours make of this branch of trade, which nature deſign'd for us; and what exceeding great loſs it is to our country, that ſome of our ſubſtantial Merchants do not turn their thoughts, and apply ſome of their time and money upon fiſhing, which would not only make them ſufficient returns, but likewiſe pave the way to others to employ our poor, and greatly advantage our country; and it is pity that this young Gentleman ſhould not be encourag'd, whoſe diligence in trade has even out done the Dutch. *C.* &c. 2.

Edinburgh, Aug. 30. They write from Glaſgow, that one Rob. Lyon is now living there, aged 109, who was in the ſervice of K. Charles I. he has got a new ſet of teeth, and has his ſight in a wonderful manner. *C. P. D J.* 7. —— On thurſday died, at the palace of Leſlie, the Lady Jane Hay, Counteſs Dowager of Rothes: ſhe was Daughter of the moſt noble family of Tweedale. *C. P.* 7.

Extract of a private letter from New York, July 5. —— Our good Governor, John Montgomerie, Eſq; died here the 1ſt inſt. a little after 4 in the morning, to our inexpreſſible ſurprize and ſorrow. No Governor was ever more lamented. He walked in his garden the afternoon before, afterwards laid down, and his ſervants thought he was aſleep, till near his death; none of his friends were called till he was ſpeechleſs, and ſoon after he expired, without a will, or giving any manner of directions about his affairs. *P. D J.*

New Hampſhire, July 2. This day ſe'nnight arrived from Frederick's Fort the Hon. David Dunbar, Eſq; who lately received a Commiſſion for Lieut. Governor of this Province. *P. D J.*

Philadelphia, July 1. Yeſterday 2 men and a woman reaping in the Jerſeys, it being very hot, they unadviſedly drank cold water, whereof the 2 men died immediately, and the woman's life is deſpaired of. A Negro man died ſuddenly in this city, by drinking cold water. *P.*

FOREIGN NEWS.

THURSDAY, *Sept.* 2.

Yeſterday arrived the Mail from France.

Paris, Sept. 8. N. S.

On the 30th the King to the Dog-kennel went,
Where *Maurice* Count of Saxe did his Majeſty preſent
With ſeven Swediſh horſes, *coal* black, *and very* ſmall,
Being not *an inch* more than two foot and a half tall.
To a Phaeton they were put, which the Count himſelf drove:
And whilſt round the Court-yard they did ſeveral times move,
The Courtiers were all pleas'd at the ſight of this thing;
And no wonder they were, for it pleaſed the King.
Of theſe Horſes *ſo ſtrange* there were eight at the firſt:
But one of them is dead, *I hope it was the worſt.*
They're deſign'd for the Dauphin, but are not to be ſeen
By Monſeigneur, 'till brought to the ſight of the Queen:
When the Phaeton's made, and their harneſſes new;
The firſt gilded with gold; the laſt of velvet blue. *C. P.*

The King came to Cheail. *D J.* To Cheuil. *D P.* — *I acquainted* Mr. MÆVIUS *with theſe various readings which puzzled me; and he ſaid, he believed the occaſion of them to be this:* Cheail *he took to be a falſe print for* Cheuil; *and gueſſed the* D J. *had written it ſo, as well as the* D P. *from the foreign Paper; being both willing to make it a proper name, ſince they could not find it in the Dictionary. And no wonder: for* Cheuil *was a falſe print for* Chenil: *which does indeed ſignifie a* Dog-kennel, *as the* C. *and* P. *have it; but in this place comprehends all the buildings, in which the Officers belonging the King's hounds have their lodgings.*

Madrid, Aug. 21. N. S. Don Franciſco Herrera and Don Joſeph Emmanuel de Quexada, his Majeſty's Commiſſioners, have already had 2 conferences with the King of England's Commiſſioners, concerning the ſatisfaction reſpectively demanded by the 2 nations, for the loſſes ſuſtained thro' the late interruption of commerce. *C.*

Extract of a letter from Cadiz, Aug. 21. N. S. — Not many days ſince, went from hence for Seville, 50 mules, each laden with 2 cheſts, containing 6000 pieces of eight; and no ſcruple is made of taking out of the warehouſe what money is wanted. It's intended the Britiſh ſquadron, now in our Bay, ſhall be joined by 18 Spaniſh men of war: the greateſt difficulty is the want of men to man thoſe expected from Biſcay and Galicia, the town: on thoſe coaſts are ſtripp'd of all but old men, women, and girls. The night before laſt, and laſt night, they picked up here 800 ſeamen and ſtrollers. *D J.* —— *The* Britiſh ſeamen *would have liked it better, if they had* mann'd *their ſhips with* women *and* girls: *who, no doubt, would do more execution, than their* men *did off of Sicily.*

FRIDAY, *Sept.* 3.

Hague, Aug. 28. It appears, that his Pruſſian Majeſty takes it amiſs, that the particular Treaty between the Emperor and the King of G. Britain, as Elector of Hanover, was not communicated to his Miniſter at Vienna, as he deſired; and if we are rightly inform'd, the King of Pruſſia has dropt ſome expreſſions, which ſeem to put his acceſſion at a great diſtance. —— If we may believe ſome advices from France, that Crown will diſpenſe with any meaſures their Catholick Majeſties ſhall think proper to take in the preſent juncture; acquieſcing with the terms of a private Treaty they are ſaid to have made with the Count de Rottemburg, the Articles of which will be kept ſecret 'till a certain ſeaſon, which will evene, when it is leaſt expected. But this we alſo place to account of French Rhodomontade. —— Aug. 31. Private letters from the Court of Vienna aſſure us, that the Czarina had reſolved to accede to the Treaty of Vienna. —— The private Secretary Hochaver, convicted of communicating the Treaty of Vienna of Mar. 16. to the French Miniſter, before it was ſigned, will not be put to death; but it is ſaid, will be condemned for ſome years to the publick works, and then ſent about his buſineſs. *P.*

Rome, Aug. 18. We learn from Naples, that the Duke Coſcia, with his Lady, has been publickly viſited by the Cardinal, and has placed his arms over the gates of the palace he has hired, and prepares to appear with new liveries, and a magnificent equipage. *D P.*

Naples, Aug. 9. Don Antoine de Ferrante, having had a few days ago a difference with the Advocate Fiſcal, his Brother, ſhot him dead with a piſtol, and afterwards fled into a privileged Church. The Marq. de Roſa and his Brother, who killed the Iriſh Officer, are ſecured at Coſenza, both by a ſecular and an eccleſiaſtical guard. *D J.* —They have been delivered up to the ſecular Power, by the Pope's permiſſion, on condition that they ſhould be baniſhed only to the fortreſs of Baya. *D P.*

By the Britannia, Capt. Kelſey, which left Cadiz the 14th ult. O. S. we learn, that the Engliſh at Cadiz, were treated with extraordinary civility, particularly the ſeamen belonging to Sir Charles's ſquadron, the mole head being appropriated for their landing, and a guard placed to prevent thoſe of any other nation landing there. Proclamation had been made in Cadiz, and the ſame in writing fixed on board all the Spaniſh ſhips, declaring different puniſhments to be inflicted on any who ſhould dare to abuſe any Britiſh ſeamen; ſome offences were declared capital, and for the leaſt inſult the offender was to loſe his ears. *D J.* —— *By way of retaliation, I ſuppoſe, for* Engliſh ears.

SATURDAY, *Sept.* 4.

Rome, Aug. 11. N. S. The Jeſuites having purchaſed ſeveral houſes and a ſtreet in the town of Tivoli, which they ſhut up, the Biſhop reſenting this, and joining with the corporation, had recourſe to the Congregation of Biſhops and Regulars; who tho' the Jeſuites had been at a great expence in raiſing their Fabrick, ordered all to be reduced *in ſtatu quo*, for the convenience of the publick. *P.*

MONDAY, *Sept.* 6.

Yeſterday arrived the Mail from France.

Paris, Sep. 12. N. S. By an Arret of the Council of the 15th inſtant, the King ordains, that the Conſtitution *Unigenitus* ſhall be obſerved throughout the kingdom; forbids the writing or compoſing of any thing againſt it; reſerving to himſelf and his Council the cognizance of all ſuch differences as may happen in relation to that affair; and forbidding all his Courts and Judges to take any cognizance thereof. *C. P. D J.* With ſtrict prohibition againſt any writings being publiſh'd, either for or againſt it. *D P.* — The ſame day King Staniſlaus came with the Queen his Conſort to Verſailles. *P. D P. D J.* — The D. de S. Aignan's departure for Rome is put off again for ſome time. *C. D P. P.* —— The D. of Mazarine died the 7th inſt. aged 65. *C.* &c.

TUESDAY, *Sept.* 7.

Paris, Aug. 31. N. S. Ten Advocates are already exil'd, and more are in hourly expectation of following: that body is now ſo compact, that not a man of them will plead a Cauſe, without the King's particular order. The infection is confirmed: for the Advocates at Rouen, and in ſeveral other Parliaments have ſhut their mouths, and will not plead any more than ours. *C.*

Schaffhauſen, Aug. 28. They write from Chambery, that the King of Sardinia ſet out from thence the 20th, on his return to Turin. *C.*

Turin, Aug. 22. Some Dominicans of this country have lately publiſhed 18 Theſes. The principles laid down in them, make large approaches towards the Tenets of the Proteſtants. One is, *That the Pope is fallible.* This at the preſent juncture is capable of making a Schiſm in the Church of Rome. *P.*

Copenhagen, Sept. 1. This week the ſhip Moor came into our road from Greenland, having on board all the people that were living of thoſe that went to ſettle there, ſo that no body is now left behind, but the Preacher, who went from Bergen, who having converted about 600 Greenlandeys to the Chriſtian Faith, ſtays among them like a good Shepherd, to feed his flock in that barren Country. And to balance that account, there are 2 men and 2 women of Greenland come in the ſhip abovementioned. *P.*

This day arrived a Mail from Holland.

Cadiz, Aug. 15. The Conſulſhip of this City, who could not agree to the loan of a million of crowns upon a demand thereof from the Court, have on a ſudden ſent an expreſs to Seville, to make an offer of a free gift of the ſaid ſum; ſo that we daily expect orders from Court for the diſtribution of the effects in ſpecie of the Flotilla, as well as thoſe of the Aſſogues veſſels. Our ſquadron deſign'd for the Italian expedition will conſiſt of nineteen ſhips of the Line, ſix frigates, and ſeven gallies, which, with the Britiſh ſquadron, will compoſe a fleet of 53 or 54 ſail, beſides the tranſport veſſels. *S J.*

Vienna, Aug. 29. On friday laſt the Court received an Expreſs from Parma, with an account that the pregnancy of the ſecond Dutcheſs Dowager of Parma was entirely vaniſh'd; upon which orders were immediately diſpatched to General Stampa to take poſſeſſion of the States of Parma and Placentia in the name of the Emperor, the Empire, and Don Carlos; and to ſettle the firſt Dutcheſs Dowager Regent, with a Council of the Regency, 'till the Infante Don Carlos's arrival. The ſame day the Duke of Liria, and his Excellency M. Robinſon, the Britiſh Miniſter, received each an Expreſs from Parma with the ſame news, which the latter diſpatched forthwith to his Court 'Tis pretended that his Imperial Majeſty has caus'd a Plan to be communicated to their Britannick and Pruſſian Majeſties, whereby to eſtabliſh a good harmony between the two Courts. *Ibid.*

BOOKS and PAMPHLETS publiſhed ſince our laſt.

Sept. 2. The conduct of the Craftſman deſtructive of publick good, &c. Pr. 2d.

Modern Hiſtory, by Will. Salmon, No. 84. Vol XIV. P. 5.

3. The ſecond High German Phyſician, &c. Pr. s.

The Gentleman's Magazine, No. 7. for Aug. Pr. 6 d.

4. The State of the Nation, in reſpect to her commerce, debts, and money. By Eraſmus Philips, Eſq; Pr. 1 s. 6 d.

6. The preſent State of the Republick of Letters for Auguſt. Pr. 1 s.

7. A full Juſtification of the doctrines advanced in Mr. Bowman's Sermon, &c. Pr. 6 d.

Sermons on ſeveral occaſions: by NATH. MARSHALL, D. D. In 3 volumes.

Miſcellaneous Obſervations on Authors, No. IX. Pr. 6 d.

8. Remarks on a Pamphlet intitled, The Traditions of the Clergy deſtructive of Religion, &c. Pr. 6 d.

The Political State of Great Britain: for Auguſt.

On Tueſday Stocks were

South Sea Stock 103 3 qrs. 103 7 8ths, to 104. South Sea Annuity 108 5 8ths. Bank 147 7 8ths. New Bank Circulation 5 l. Premium. India 194 1 half. Three per Cent Annuity 96. Royal Aſſurance 98 1 half. London Aſſurance 12 5 8ths, to 3 qrs. York Buildings 24. African 50 1 half. Engliſh Copper 3 l. Welch ditto 2 l. 10 s. South Sea Bonds 6 l. 2 s. Premium. India ditto 6 l. 5 s. ditto. Lottery Tickets 10 l. 19 s. 6 d. ditto.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Next Week will be publiſhed, the Caſe of

GRUBSTREET *verſus* BOWMAN; being a full and proper Anſwer to the Yorkſhire Vicar's late ſcurrilous and illiterate Invective againſt the Clergy; printed partly in the Grubſtreet Journal, No. 85 and 87, and now augmented with large Additions. Price 6 d.

Black Tartar,
AND
SPIRIT of NITRI DULCIS.

SOLD cheap at the Laboratory in Cold-Bath Fields, near Clerkenwell.

At the LOTTERY-OFFICE
Of Mr. *THO. COX*, Bookſeller,
Under the *Royal-Exchange*, are ſold

TICKETS, SHARES of TICKETS, CHANCES, SHARES of CHANCES, for the whole Drawing, and daily CHANCES: Alſo any Parcel of Tickets may be bought and ſold at the ſaid Office.

For the Conveniency of ſmall Adventurers, Tickets are divided into Shares, viz. Sixteenths, at 14 s. Eights, at 1 l. 8 s. Quarters, at 2 l. 16 s. and Halves, at 5 l. 12 s; and as ſoon as drawn the ſame Proportion of the Value will be paid, be it Blank or Prize.

As Tickets, ſoon after Drawing begins, do always advance their Price, ſo the Purchaſers of Shares of Tickets, before the Drawing, will have them cheaper than thoſe who buy afterwards.

Any Perſon may have Shares in forty or fifty different Tickets, or as many as they pleaſe.

And for the farther Conveniency of ſmaller Adventurers, Chances of Tickets for the whole Drawing are divided into Shares, viz. Fortieths, Twentieths, Tenths, Eighths, Quarters and Halves, being much more advantageous to the Adventurers than daily Chances. It being ſo many to one as there are Days of Drawing, whether the Ticket be drawn on the Day on which a daily Chance is purchas'd: Whereas the Adventurers in Shares of Chances are ſure to have the ſaid Ticket drawn on which the Shares are purchas'd, and for every 2 s. 6 d will have a fair Chance for 250 l.

Whereas of late there has been, and now are, ſeveral ſmall Lotteries carrying on contrary to Law, and in which the Adventurers can have no poſſible Security; to prevent ſuch illegal Practices by accommodating the very leaſt Adventurers, Chances for the whole Drawing are divided into a hundred Parts, ſo that for one Shilling every Adventurer will have a fair Chance for one hundred Pounds.

Whereas there are many Perſons in the Country would become ſmall Adventurers in the ſaid Lottery, but cannot in daily Chances, becauſe they require daily Attendance; ſo this Method of dividing Tickets, and Chances of Tickets, for the whole Drawing, into Shares, will more particularly accommodate ſuch, they being not oblig'd to make any Enquiry 'till the Drawing of the ſaid Lottery is finiſh'd.

At the ſaid Office are kept exact Numerical and Regiſter Books, and any Perſon may know every Day, during the Time of Drawing, whether their Ticket be drawn or not; or for Six-pence *per* Ticket may have their Numbers regiſter'd, and as ſoon as drawn, ſhall have an immediate Account ſent them of their Succeſs, if in Town, or by the firſt Poſt, to any Part of Great-Britain.

The firſt Column of the following Scheme ſhews the Number and Value of the Benefits: The other Columns ſhew the Proportion of thoſe Benefits to every particular Share of a Chance, with the Price of each Chance, which with the Shares, of Tickets, may riſe or fall a ſmall Matter in Proportion to the Riſe and Fall of Tickets.

		A Quarter	An Eighth	A Tenth.	A Twentieth	A Fortieth	An Hundredth
		1 : 5 : 0	0 : 12 : 6	0 : 10 : 0	0 : 5 : 0	0 : 2 : 6	0 : 1 : 0
2	10000	2500	1250	1000	500	250	100
4	5000	1250	625	500	250	125	50
2	3000	750	375	300	150	75	30
5	2000	500	250	200	100	50	20
15	1000	250	125	100	50	25	10
22	500	125	62 : 10	50	25	12 : 10	5
237	100	25	12 : 10	10	5	2 : 10	1
7715	20	5	2 : 10	2	1	10	4 s.

As this Method occaſions me to be concern'd with ſo many Perſons, ſo to prevent any difference that may ariſe by continuing it in time of Drawing, thro' any falſe Information about a Ticket's being drawn or not, before ſo diſpoſed of; I have determined to diſcontinue the ſaid Method of dividing Chances into Shares, according to the foregoing Scheme, before the ſaid Drawing begins; and all Perſons who deſign to become Adventurers, are deſir'd to ſupply themſelves between this time and three Days before the Drawing, after which I ſhall confine my Buſineſs to ſelling Chances of whole Tickets, daily Chances, dividing Tickets into Sixteenths, Eighths, Quarters, and to buying and ſelling Blanks and Prizes.

At *LEE* and *HARPER*'s Great Theatrical Booth,

BEHIND the *Marſhalſea-Gate*, leading to the *Bowling-Green*, during the Time of *Southwark-Fair*, will be preſented, A new Opera, never perform'd here before, call'd,

The DEVIL to PAY: Or, *The* WIVES Metamorphos'd.

Intermix'd with above Thirty New Songs, made to old Ballad Tunes, and Country Dances.

The Part of Sir John Loverule, by Mr. Mullart.

Ranger, by Mr. Taylor; Doctor, Mr. Ayres; Butler, Mr. Roſco; Cook, Mr. Eaton. Lady Loverule, Mrs. Mullart; Nell Jobſon, Miſs Tollet; Lettice, Mrs. Coker; Lucy, Mrs. Hulett: And the Part of Jobſon, the Cobler, by Mr. Hulett.

And the better to entertain the Gentry, Mrs. *Lee* has engag'd a Company of Tumblers, lately arrived in London, who perform ſeveral ſurprizing Tricks; particularly, one throws himſelf off a Scaffold twelve Foot high; another throws himſelf over 12 Men's Heads; He likewiſe leaps over 6 Boys, ſitting on 12 Men's Shoulders; another tumbles over 16 Swords, as high as Men can hold them; and ſeveral other diverting Things too tedious to mention

With Variety of Singing and Dancing by the beſt Maſters.

The Cloaths and Scenes are all entirely New.

We ſhall continue Playing from Ten in the Morning, 'till Nine at Night.

N. B. The right Book of the Droll is Sold in the Booth, and is Printed and Sold by *G. LEE*, in *Blue-Maid Alley, Southwark*; and all others (not Printed by him) are falſe.

Next Saturday will be publiſhed, *Pr.* 6 d.

Number VIII. for AUGUST, 1731.

Very proper to ſend into the Country, and all Places abroad, where the Engliſh reſide, being a compendious View of all our public Papers;

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE: Or, *Trader's Monthly Intelligencer*. Containing (more than any Book of the Kind and Price.)

I. A View of the weekly Eſſays and Entertainments, viz Of Travelling and Marriage, the proper Time. Of Scandal and Good Manners, Love and Lovers, vain Purſuits, Grub-ſtreet and mercenary Scribblers, Troops, Learning and the Sciences, the Play of Barnwell, and Mr. Bowman's Sermon.

II. Of Political Points, viz. Court Management of Elections; Oppoſition to Power, Practices of corrupt Statеſmen, Mr. D'Anvers and his Works commended and cenſured, Sir R. W. ditto. Public Miniſters and a Steward, Osborne and Walſingham, Miſt and D'Anvers, compar'd. The Forage and Bank Contracts iniquitous and juſt, excellent State of the Navy, Political Changes and Enquiries, Tim Scrub and the Orator, and Anodyne and Hyp Doctor, Oxford and Osborn, Thurſt and Parry.

III. Poems on D'Anvers's Works, *& contra*. Defence of Bowman's Sermons in Dogrell. Stonecaſtle and Bavius contending in Epigram.

IV. Domeſtic Occurrences, Births, Deaths, Marriages, Preferments, Caſualties, Burials, and Chriſtenings, in London.

V. Prices of Goods, Stocks, Grain, Courſe of Exchange, and a Liſt of Bankrupts.

VI. Foreign Affairs.

VII. Books, &c. publiſhed.

VIII. Obſervations in Gardening, and a Liſt of Fairs for the Seaſon

IX. A Table of Contents.

Printed for R. Newton, at S. John's Gate, and ſold by the Bookſellers. *Where may be had, all the former Numbers.*

Lately publiſhed,

1. A New Verſion of St. Matthew's Goſpel, with a literal Commentary on all the difficult Paſſages. Written originally in *French* by Meſſieurs *De Beauſobre* and *Lenfant*, and publiſhed by Order of the late King of Pruſſia.

2. A compleat Introduction to the reading the Holy Scriptures, intended chiefly for young Students in Divinity. In two Parts. Part I. containing an Account of the civil and religious State of the Jews; the Samaritans, Ceremonies, Temples, Sacrifices, Synagogues, High-prieſts, Courts of Juſtice; particularly the Sanhedrim, Prophets, Scribes, Jewiſh Sects, Phariſees, Sadducees, Eſſenes, Proſelytes of the Gate, Years, Months, Days, and Hours of the Jews, &c. Part II. containing the Proofs of the Truth of the Chriſtian Religion; Nature of the New Teſtament Stile; the Chronology and Geography of the New Teſtament; the Hebrew Money, Weights and Meaſures; various readings, Diviſion into Chapters and Verſes, Hereſies in the Apoſtles Days, Verſions of the New Teſtament, ancient and modern: To which are added the Engliſh ones, &c. Written originally in French by Meſſieurs *De Beauſobre* and *Lenfant*. By the Order of the King of Pruſſia.

Both done into Engliſh with additional Notes,

By N. TINDAL, M. A.
Vicar of Great Waltham in Eſſex.

Printed for J. Batley, at the Dove in Pater-Noſter-Row.

At *LEE* and *HARPER*'s Great Theatrical Booth,

ON the *Bowling-Green*, behind the *Queen's-Arm* Tavern, near the Marſhalſea-Gate, during the Time of Southwark Fair, will be perform'd, The True and Antient Hiſtory of

WHITTINGTON.

Shewing how he came to London to ſeek his Fortune, having been adviſ'd to it by a Cunning Woman; his Money being ſpent, he ſat down to condole himſelf at a Merchant's Door, who took him into his Family to be a Scullion. The Merchant ſending a Ship to the Kingdom of Morocco, call'd his Servants, according to Cuſtom, to ſend their Ventures; among which Whittington appear'd, and having nothing but a Cat, he ſent her. The Ship arriving at Morocco, which Kingdom being much infeſted with Rats and Mice, the Emperor return'd for the Cat, a great Quantity of Gold Duſt and ſeveral precious Jewels. While the Ship was on her Voyage, poor Whittington was ſo cruelly treated by Madge, a Cook-maid, that he reſolved to return into the Country; being got two Miles from London, and hearing the Bells ring fancy'd they ſpoke to him to return, and that he ſhould be Lord-Mayor of London, which induc'd him to go again to the Merchant's, where he had not long been before the Arrival of his Treaſure, half of which he beſtow'd for the City's Uſe; whereon he was unanimouſly elected Lord-Mayor, in all the Pomp and Pageantry us'd in thoſe Days.

The Part of Whittington, by Mr. Morgan.

Madge, the Cholerick Cook-maid, by Mr. Harper; Emperor, Mr. Roſco; Merchant, Mr. Jones; Captain, Mr. Hulett; Factor, Mr. Mullart. Mrs Fitzwarren, Mrs. Taylor; Mrs. Grace, Mrs Mullart; Gilflirt, Mrs. Morgan; Bawd, Mrs. Coker; and the Part of Britannia, by Mrs. Spiller.

With Variety of Singing and Dancing by the beſt Maſters.

Particularly, The Song of Mad Tom of Bedlam, by Mr. Plat.

Thames and Auguſta, by Mr. Plat and Mr. Papilion.

The Cloaths and Scenes are all entirely New.

N. B. The right Book of the Droll is ſold in the Booth, and is Printed and Sold by *G. LEE*, in *Blue-Maid Alley, Southwark*; and all others (not Printed by him) are falſe.

This Day is publiſhed,

Printed for J. Brotherton at the Bible next the Fleece Tavern in Cornhill,

The Third Edition, with Additions, of

THE Life of Oliver Cromwell, Lord Protector of the Commonwealth of England, Scotland and Ireland. Where may be had,

The Preſent State of Great Britain, for the Year 1731.

Coke's Detection of the Court and State of England, 3 Vol.

Free Thoughts on Religion.

Fable of the Bees, 2 Vol.

Virgin Unmask'd.

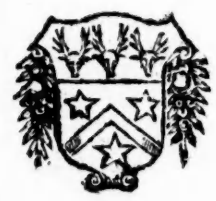
Langham's Neat Duties.

The Ship and Supercargo Book-keeper. In two Parts.

Philip's Engliſh Grammar.

Battle of the Sexes, and Pig and Maſtiff; with Variety of ſingle Plays, &c.

The *Cæleſtial Anodyne Tincture*: Or, The *Great Pain-Eaſing Medicine*,



FAm'd and approv'd of for its wonderful and never-failing Succeſs, in giving immediate Eaſe and Relief in all manner of pains, either inward or outward, and is the moſt certain Remedy in the World for a ſure and ſpeedy Cure of the Cholick, and expelling Wind, Gripes and pains in the ſtomach, the Pleuriſy, ſtitches or pains in the ſide back, loins, or any other part; Rheumatick Ailments, which cauſe pain and dolor. It hath given eaſe to a Miracle, when all other Remedies have fail'd; In the Gravel and Stone in the Kidneys, it gives eaſe forthwith, and brings them away to Admiration. It alſo facilitates and cauſes a ſpeedy Delivery in Child-birth. 'Tis no Quack trifling thing to allure the World with, but a real and well-experienced Medicine, not acting by Stupefaction (as Opiates) but by a friendly, balſamick, and ſubtile Nature, pacifying the moſt ſevere and terrible racking pains, and carries off the Cauſe, not by purging, but by Tranſpiration, by Urine, or breaking Wind. No Family ought to be without it; and uſed outwardly it cures Swellings, Aches, pains, Numbneſs or Weakneſs of the Joints; 'tis excellent for Cramps, and all other aged Infirmities, effecting Wonders in Agues, Fevers, Small-pox, &c. No Family ought to be without it.

It is ſold only by Mr. *PARKER*, Printer, at his Houſe in Salisbury-Court, or by ſuch perſons as he ſhall depute, viz. at Mr. Parker's, a Printer, in Bull Head Court, Jewin-ſtreet; at the White Gallon pot, a Chandler's Shop in Bandy-Leg-Walk, Southwark, and at Mr. Neal's, a Toy-ſhop over againſt the White Hart Inn in the Borough, at Eighteen-pence a bottle, with printed Directions; and, if requeſted, will be brought to any perſon, by the Hawker who ſells his Penny poſt. Sealed as above.

LONDON: Printed by S. PALMER and J. HUGGONSON, in *Bartholomew-Cloſe*, for Captain GULLIVER, near the *Temple*, where Letters and Advertiſements are taken in: As alſo at the *Rainbow Coffee-Houſe* in *Cornhill*, and *John's Coffee-Houſe* in *Sheer-Lane*, near *Temple-Bar*. [Price Two Pence.]